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BILLDICATION.

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Bishop ATTERBURY's

VINDICATION

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Bp. Smallridge, Dr. Aldrich, and Himself,

From the

SCANDALOUS REFLECTIONS

OF

OLDMIXON,

Relating to the PUBLICATION of

Lord CLARENDON'S HISTORY.

The SECOND EDITION.

To which is added,

A TRUE COPY of the LAST WILL and TESTAMENT of Edward Earl of Clarendon.

LONDON:

Printed for J. WILFORD, behind the Chapterhouse in St. Paul's Church-yard. 1733.

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Bishop ATTERBURY

VINDICATION.

from what they appear in t

Paris, Oct. 26, 1731,

HAVE lately feen an

Extract of some Passages

in Mr. Oldmixon's Histo
ry of England. The first

of them is faid to be taken from his Preface to that History, page 9. and funs in these Words.

of this History, mention'd the great

His Knowledge, Juch an Hil

Reason there is to suspect, that the

History of the Rebellion, as it was

A 2 published

published at Oxford, was not entire-

'ly the Work of the Lord Clarendon;

who did indeed write an History

of those Times, and, I doubt not

'a very good one; wherein, as I

have been (I believe) well informed,

the Characters of the Kings, whose

Keigns are written, were different

from what they appear in the Ox-

ford History and its Copy, Mr. E-

'chard's. I speak this by Hear fay,

but Hear-say from a Person Superior

to all Suspicion, and too illustrious to

be named, without Leave.

I also humbly refer it to the

Decision of another very bonourable

Person, whether there is not, to

'his Knowledge, such an History, in

Manuscript, still extant; and to a

Reverend Doctor, now living, whe-

ther he did not see the Oxford Co-

bed altered,

'was at the Press. I design I had 'was at the Press. I design I had 'To which I must add, that there is now in custody of a Gentleman of Distinction, both for Merit and Quality, a History of the Rebellion, of the first Folio Edition, scored, in many Places, by Mr. Edmund Smith, sof Christ-Church, Oxon, Author of that excellent Tragedy, Phædra and Hippolytus; who himself al-

ter'd the Manuscript History, and sadded what he has there mark'd, as he confessed, with some of his

saft Words, before his Death. These

Alterations, written with his own Hand, and to be seen by any one

that knows it, may be published,

on another Occasion, with a farther

Se Account of this Discovery. In

5 the mean time, for the Satisfaction

f of the Public, I infert a Letter,

retire acentire,

f entire, which I received fines the last Paragraph was written.

To which I must add that there

S I.R. and day worth

A Coidentally looking on some of the Sheets of your History of England, during the Reigns of the Royal House of Stuart, at the Bookseller's, I find that you mention the History of Lord Clarendon, wherein you justly question the Genuineness of that Book: In order to put the Matter out of doubt, I here send you the following Account.

'Mr. Edmund Smith, a Man very
well known to the learned World,
came down to make me a Visit at
** * about June, 1710, where he
continued till he died, about six
Weeks after.
As

As our Conversation chiefly fan upon Learning and History, you may easily think, that Clarendon's was not forgotten: Upon mentioning that Book, he frankly told me, that there had been a fine History written by Lord Clarendon, but what was pubfished under his Name was only Patchwork, and might as properly be call'd, the History of AL-SMALLand ATTERBURY: For, to bis Knowledge, twas alterd; nay, that be bimfelf was employed by them to 'interpolate and alter the Original. He then asked me, whether I ' had the Book by me? if I had, he would convince me of the Truth of his Affertion, by the very printed Copy: 'I immediately brought him the Folio Edition; and the first Thing he turned to was the Character of Mr. Hampden, where is that Ex-'pression: reffion: He bad a Head to contrive, a Heart to conceive, and a Hand
to execute any Villany. † He then
declared, it was foifted in by those
Reverends. Sir, I have only to add
this, that he not only underlined
this Passage, as a Forgery, but gave,
during the short Time he lived
with me, the same Remark to some
Hundreds more.

I am, SIR, &c.

In a second Passage, said to be taken from page 227. of the History itself, Mr. Oldmixon is represented as expressing himself thus.

The Words are much softer in the History, where, instead of a Heart to conceive, we find, a Tongue to persuade; and instead of the Word Villany, that of Mischief; as the Citation is, in another Part of this Extract, truly made. The unknown Writer of this Letter, while he is charging others with the Crime of falsifying Lord Clarendon's History, should have taken care to stand clear of it himself.

In the Character of this great and excellent Man, Mr. Hampden, which we could wish had escaped his (Lord Clarendon's) Drawings, or the Drawings of those clumly Painters, into whose Hands his Work fell, there is formething for very false and base, that such Coin could only come from a College 'Mint. (In a word, what was faid of CINNA might well be apply d to HAMPDEN; he bad a Head to contrive, and a Tongue to persuade, and a Hand to execute any Mischief. His Death, therefore, seemed to be a great Deliverance to the Nation.) There are not Words to express ' the Infamy of this Slander and Imposture, nor the unparallel'd Wickedness of those Doctors, who foisted so borrid 'a Reflection into that Character. The Person who did it was Mr. Edmund

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Smith,

Smith, of Oxford, Author of Phædra and Hippolytus, a Tragedy; who, at his Death, confessed to the Gentleman, in whose House he died, that, among a great Number of Alterations and Additions, which he himself made, in the History of the "Rebellion, by Order of Doctor ALD. ERICH, Doctor ATTERBURY, and Doctor SMALLRIDGE, Successive Deans of Christ-Church, this very Saying of CINNA, apply'd to Mr, Hampden, was one; and when he read it to one of those Doctors, he clapped him on the Back, and cry'd, with an Asseveration, It will do. The Confession Mr. Smith made, and the Remorfe he expressed for being concerned in this Imposture, were his last Words.

a Reflection into that Charaster. The

Weston who did it was Mr. Edmand

A great Part of the first of these Passages, including the Letter, is translated verbatim into French, and published in a Journal, entitled, Bibliotheque Raisonnee des Ouvrages des Savans de l'Europe, pour les Mois de Juillet, Aoust, Septembre 1730. Tome 5me, 1re Partie. A Amsterdam, chez les Westeins & Smith 1730. Art. 5. Pag. 154, &c.

After which, the Journalist adds the following Reflection.

Cette decouverte sait peu d'honneur aux trois Theologiens qui sont nommez dans la Lettre, au qui ont pourtant tenu un grand rang dans l'Angleterre, au dans la Republique des Lettres. Comme Mr. Atterbury, ci-devant Evesque de Rochester, l'un des trois est encore vivant, il ne sera pas apparent ment insensible a une accusation signaue;

We Public attend de lui les eclaircissemens que l'interest seul de sa reputation semble en exiger. S'il se tait, dans cette rencontre, il n'y a point de doute que la falsification est prouvee; a quand mesme il ne se tairoit pas, il saut que les eclaircissemens soient bien sorts pour detruire ces faits.

This Discovery does little Honour to the three Divines named in the Letter, &c. As Mr. Atterbury, heretofore Bishop of Rochester, one of the Three, is still living, he will not probably be insensible of so grievous an Accusation; and the Publick expects from him such Accounts of it, as even the Interest of his own Reputation seems to require. If he is silent on this Occasion, there can be no doubt, but that the Falsiscation is proved; and should be not be silent, what he shall say, to clear up this Matter, Matter, must be very strong, to destroy the Credit of such a Testimony.

Being called upon in this public Manner, I think myself obliged to declare, that the foregoing Account in all its Parts, as far as I am any ways concerned, is entirely false and groundless; for I never saw my Lord Clarendon's History in Manuscript, either before, or fince the Edition of it; nor ever read a Line of it, but in Print. It was impossible, therefore, that I should deal with Mr. Smith in the Manner represented, with whom (as far as I can recollect) I never exchanged one Word in all my Life; and whom I know not that I ever faw, till after the Edition of that History. If therefore he expressed himself to this Purpose, in his last Moments (as I charitably hope

hope he did not) he wronged me, extreamly, and died with a Lie in his Mouth.

This Vindication of the Truth and myfelf, is necessary, fince I happen to survive the two other worthy Perfons mentioned. Were they alive, they would, I doubt not, be equally able and ready to clear themselves from fo foul an Asperfron. As to one of them, Dr. Smallridge, the late Bishop of Bristol, no Suspicion of this kind can possibly rest on his Memory, because he was not any ways concerned in preparing that History for the Press; but as much a Stranger to the Contents of it, as I myfelf was, till it came forth in Print. I speak with the more Affurance on this Head, because my great Intimacy with him, as my Contemporary, both at Westminster and Christ-Church, vantages requisite towards knowing the Truth of what I say: With Dr. Aldrich, the third Person accused, I was acquainted more at a distance. However, being called upon in the Manner I am, I will add also what has come towny Knowledge, with regard to the Share He and Others had in the Publication of that His-

The Revising of the Manuscript (written, as I have heard, not very dorrectly) was committed to the Care of Bishop Sprat, and Dean Aldrich, by the late Earl of Rocbester; who himself also assisted in that Revisal, from the Beginning to the End of the Work: So that any Changes, made in it, must have had the Consent of those three Persons. They were Men of Probity and Truth, and

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inca-

incapable of confpiring in a Delign to impole on the Publick 2001 can cite nothing, that is material in this Point, from the Mouth of the East, with whom I rarely converted; but the Biffiop and the Deun, to whoth Heverally succeeded in the Demeries of Christ-Church And Westminster, and in the See of Rockester, have occasionally more than once assured me, that no Additions whatfoever were made to the Manufempt Hillory: And even the Earl, in his Preface to the first Volume (for His D take it to be, tho no Name is affixed to it) has publickly protefled his innocence in this respect, where he declares, that They who put forth the History (he means himfelf and his Brother, as appears from what folu Salutor of the of Probity and Truth, and

inca-

any Alterations in a Work of this Kind, foleumly left with them to be published, where to be published, we it was delivered to them.

Could he, and the two other Perfons by him employed, be supposed to have made any Additions, notwithflanding such Assurances to the contrary, yet their good Sense (if not their Integrity) would have provented, at least, their re-touching those Characters, which are allowed to be the most distinguished and beautiful Part of the Work, and to have fomething of Original in them that is not to be imitated. The Afterstrokes of any less able Pencil, intermix'd with those of the first Masterly Hand, would foon be difcovered: And yet I am perfuaded, the most differning Eye can find out no Traces. of coolly

of such a Mixture; no, not in the Character of Mr. Hampdon, even in those Words, at the Close of it, against which Mr. Oldmixon so warmly declaims: They are perfectly in the Style and Manner of my Lord Clarendon; they contain nothing new in them, but only fum up, in short, what he had scattered through different Parts of the two first Volumes. Let the Reflections there made be never fo fevere, they may naturally be supposed, in the Warmth of Composure, to have come from the Pen of an Historian, who had himself with Zeal opposed Mr. Hampden's Measures, and both seen and felt the fad Confequences of them: But that the Editors of his Hiftory, no ways concerned in those Transactions, should, 60 Years afterwards, coolly needles Insertion, is not to be imagined.

The Complaint, on this and other Heads, should have been brought against these Editors, while it was capable of being thoroughly examined; at prefent, it comes a little too late, unless it were better sup ported: Their very Characters, to those who knew them, and the Nature of the Evidence, to those who did not, will be judged a fufficient Confutation of it: For, pray, what is this Evidence? It confifts in an Hearfay from a Person, superiour to all Suspicion, it seems, but too illustrious to be named: In an Appeal to another very bonourable Person, to a Reverend Doctor now living, and to a Gentleman of Distinction, both for Merit

Marin and Quality; diprie lof: whose Names are thought fit to be owned: The only one produced in the Cafe is that of Mr. Smith, the Author of an excellent Tragedy; but certainly not an Author of Rank and Weight enough to blast the Credit of fuch an excellent History: Of what Use can his Testimony be to this Purpose leven supposing the Account of it exact) when it is undoubtedly falle, as to two of the three Persons it is levelled at, Dr. Smallridge and myfelf; and may therefore be justly prefumed alike false, as to the third, Dr. Aldrich? Mr. Smith appears to have been fo little in the Secret of the Edition of that Book, as not to have known even the Hands thro' which it passed; and is not therefore to be rely'd upon in his Ac-Mers counts

counts of many other Cincumstate relating to it; especially with regard to Dr. Aldrich, his Governous nit Christ-Church; for whom his per fonal Aversion, and the true Resions of it, are too well underflood to need explaining. Liferbear faving any thing harsh of one, not able to answer for himself; but many slow alive, whol knew them both, killed how improbable, and altogether in credible is is what Mr. Smith flould have had the least Share in Do. Alde richis Confidence, on fo nice on indeed, on any Occasion. The Gen tleman, who feems to be convinced of the Truth of Mr. Smith's Affertions by his having pointed out and an derlined the Pallages, in Print, which her faid he was employed the three successive Deans) to imappulate om.

dalter, in Manuscript, must furely have been very willing to be convinced; notherwise, he would not have taken rawmere Affertion for a Broof, Jin fuch a Caufe, and from fuch a Person. The Story of this Death-bed Declaration flepts for an bout twenty Years; near thirty have passed fince the History of the Rebellion was published (I mean the first Part of it) and not a few; fince the Death of every Person that either was, or is falfly faid to trave been, concerned in that Publication, my felf only excepted. I might, probably, at the Distance of Montpelier, where I was when Mr. Oldmixon wrote, never have heard of what he Hysl to my Charge (Intelligence of that Kind Being, as herknows, mot vary open to me) or, should it reach and me,

me, I might yet, in my prefent Circumstances, be supposed not over follicitous to appear in the Disproof of it. The Delay of the Acculation therefore, if without Defign, was not without its Advantages; and had it been deferred a little longer, till I was not only out of the Way, but out of the World, it had had a still fairer Chance towards being uncontradicted, and confequently credited. I have lived to hear this idle Tale. and to bear witness against it: There is no Vanity in hoping, that, old as I am, I shall outlive the Belief of it: An Holland Journal gave me the first Notice how I had been treated, and by that Means an Opportunity of vindicating myself; which I was the rather determined not to decline, betause I suffer'd in company with others,

thers, Men of great Note and Merit, thro' whose Sides the Authority of a noble and useful Part of our Englift History was struck at. Where I only am aspersed and wrong'd, I can, I thank God, more eafily practise Patience, and submit to Indignities and Injuries in Silence. A foreign Writer has used me, in this Case, with greater Civility, and Temper, than Mr. Oldmixon, whom I know not that I have ever offended. I forgive him his ill Words, and his hard Thoughts, and only defire him for the future not to indulge himfelf in ill-natur'd Relations of this Kind, without better Vouchers. His Attack on me, and on the Dead, who he thought might be insulted with equal Safety, is no Proof of a generous and worthy Mind; nor has he done any Honour to his own History, by the fruitless Pains he has taken to discredit that of my Lord Clarendon; which, like the Character of its Author, will gain Strength by Time; and will be in the Hands and Esteem of all Men, when Mr. Oldmixon's unjust Censure of it will not be remember'd, or not regarded.

FR. ROFFEN.



God: And make the Executors of this first Laft Will, my two Sons,

KERREY.

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of all Men when his Oldminus soun-

Earl of CLARENDON'S

Last WILL and TESTAMENT.



EDWARD, Earl of CLARENDON, do ordain this my LAST WILL and TESTAMENT.

Imprimis, I commit my Soul to God: And make the Executors of this faid Last Will, my two Sons, HENRY

HENRY Viscount Combusy, and LAWRENCE HYDE, Esq.:
And commend to them the Care of my Servants, who have behaved themselves very carefully and honestly to Me. And likewise recommend their Sister FRANCES HYDE to their Kindness: To whom I am able to leave nothing but their Kindness.

Item, I give and bequeath, to my faid two Sons, all my Papers and Writings of what Kind soever: And leave them entirely to their Disposal, as they shall be advised, either as to Suppressing or Publishing, by the Advice and Approbation of my Lord Archbishop of Canterbury &

S Dr. SANCROFT

and

and the Bilhop of Winchester whom I do intreat to be the Overseers of this my Will: And, that they would be both Suitors to his Majesty, on my Children's Behalf, who have all possible Need of his Majesty's Charity, being Children of a Father who never committed Fault against his Majesty.

At Rouen, this eleventh Day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand, six hundred, seventy and sour.

redir belive CLARENDON.

MVSEVM BRITAN NICVM WIT-

WITNESSES,

H. PECCEUS, Screnif. Regis Mag. Brit. Medicus.

HUMPH. WILKINS.

Probat' apud Lond' 14th Die Decembris A.D. 1675. Juramentis pernobilis bonorandi Viri HENRICI Comit' de CLARENDON, bonorandi Viri LAURENTII HYDE, Arm' filior' dicti Defuncti in bu'smo'i Test'to notat' quibus, &c.

FINIS.

Dalegenily, of the Johnst Associations 22.



POOKS and PAMPHEATE

A Collection of feveral valuable Pieces, written by the A Right Honourable Edward Earl of Clorendon (exclusive of his History of the Grand Rebellion:) To which is prefer to A Preface, and a new and particular Account of his Lordhop's Life, Conduct; and Character; with his Efficiency nearly Engraved. In Two Volumes in Different Frice 10:

II. An Examination of Mr. Oldmixon's Reply to the late Billion of Recorder's Virgilication; with a broof that the Application of Cinno's Character to Mr. Hampden can be no Interpolation, being in an Original Manuscript; wrote by my Lord. Character himself, now in the Possession of George Character, May one of the Representatives for the University of Oxford. Price 6 d.

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